

Global business partners

A country of business

On international trade, Mexico has been focused on diversifying its markets, for its products and services, through the signing of many trade agreements with European, Asian and American economies. In this way, the country positions itself as an entrance door to a market that represents around 60% of world's GDP, with over a billion of potential consumers.

Mexico occupies the second position worldwide, according to the number of Free Trade Agreements (FTA) that holds. It has signed 10 Free Trade Agreements and an Economic Partnership Agreement (EPA), gaining preferential access to the markets of 43 countries that include the largest economies of the world, such as the United States, Canada, the 27 members of the European Union and Japan. Mexico also has 3 Economic Complementation Agreements (ECA) with Argentina, Brazil and Peru, and an Economic Co-operation Agreement with Cuba.

Agreements	Percentage of World's GDP (%)	Population (millions of people)
North America FTA	27.7	453
FTA Chile	1.9	126
FTA Costa Rica	1.7	113
FTA Colombia	2.1	154
FTA Nicaragua	1.6	114
North Triangle FTA	1.7	136
FTA Uruguay	1.7	112
FTA Israel	1.9	116
European Union FTA	27.6	608
European Free Trade Association FTA	1.4	123
EPA Japan	10.3	236
ECA Argentina	2.2	149
ECA Brazil	4.9	302
ECA Peru	1.9	138
EC* A Cuba	1.7	120

FTA: Free Trade Agreement.

EPA: Economic Partnership Agreement.

ECA: Economic Complementation Agreement.

EC* A: Economic Co-operation Agreement.

In order to enforce the legal protection of monetary flows for the productive sector, Mexico has 28 Promotion and Reciprocal Protection of Investments Agreements (IPPA) signed with 29 countries. There has also been an effort to avoid equivalent taxation during the same period of time by two or more taxation authorities on the participants of the Mexican market, through the signing of Double Taxation Avoidance Agreements with 41 countries.

Therefore, with its international trade strategy, Mexico offers access to diverse markets, tariffs reductions, investment opportunities, legal transparency, intellectual property protection, and just and attractive competition.